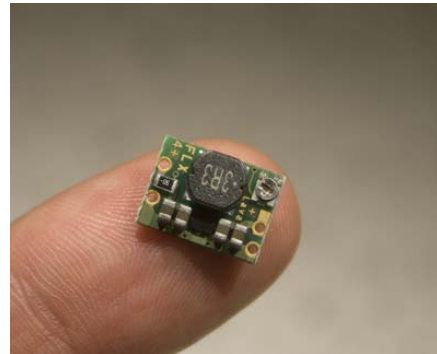


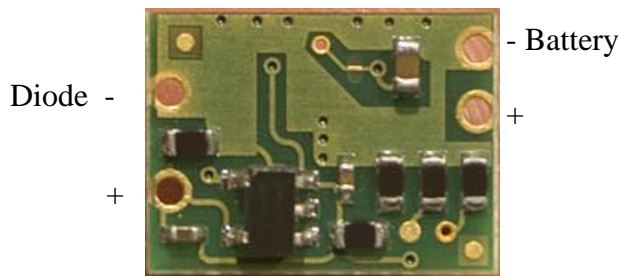
Micro Flex Drive V4 Manual

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The Micro FlexDrive is a high-efficiency switching current regulator that can be powered by battery combinations which result in a Voltage of 2.0 – 5.5V DC (and up to 6.4VDC with a diode in series). This includes 2-4 AAAs, AAs, Cs, Ds, and single lithium batteries primary and rechargeable. The driver operates as a current regulated source, varying the output voltage above and below the battery voltage as necessary to meet the current output setting. In operation, the driver will drain the power source until its voltage reaches 2.0V and then will shut off. This, combined with the high efficiency of the driver provides the maximum runtime possible for portable lasers.



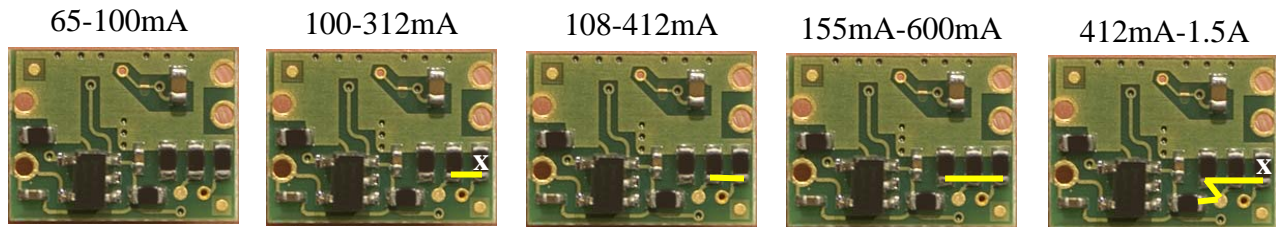
Warning: This driver is a current source mode driver. Do not operate it without a load or with a short circuit output, damage to the driver may result.



Parameter	Specification	Unit
Input Voltage	2.0-5.5	V
Output Voltage	2.0-5.5	V
Output Current	0.065-1.5	A
Conversion Efficiency	80-95	%
Regulation Ripple (4-100kHz)	< 1%	%

Current Setting:

The Micro FlexDrive has five output current ranges, listed in the diagram below. Each range listed in approximate, there is variation from unit to unit so test the closest range to your desired current and work your way up or down the scale. Removing the end resistor has the effect of decreasing the output current slightly when you are in ranges 2-4. The default 65-100mA range requires no changes. The other ranges require solder jumpers as shown, or the end resistor to be removed (scraped off is OK) when there is an x on it. To adjust and set the driver current, a load is required. A series of 3 or 4 1N4001 diodes and a 1 to 0.2 ohm resistor is recommended for use as a dummy load. Use the Voltage across the dummt load resistor to determine current. Output current is adjusted via the potentiometer trimmer. An insulated screwdriver and a light touch are recommended for adjustment.



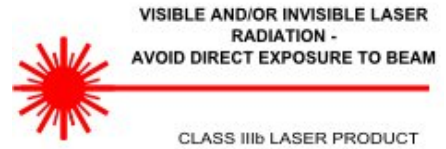
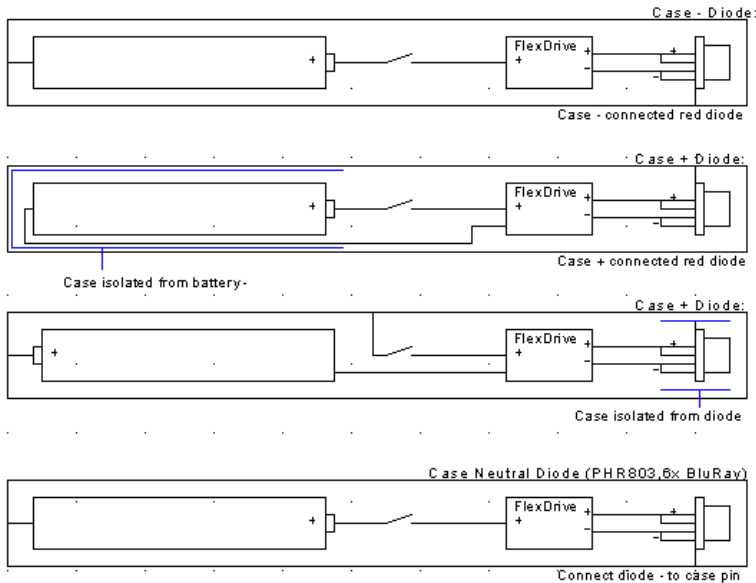
Powering the driver:

If 6V or greater battery source is to be used, the input voltage must be dropped to no greater than 5.8VDC. For example, if two Lithium primary CR123As are used, each with a maximum surface charge voltage of 3.2V, a 1N4000 series diode should be placed in series with the driver power input.

Caution! Do not apply reverse voltage to the driver, doing so may damage it permanently. To protect the driver, mechanical stops can be put in place in the battery compartment so that a reversed battery will not make a complete circuit, or a diode or FET reverse polarity protector can be used in series with the driver.

The battery negative (-) connection and the diode – (cathode) connections are continuous. As such, if the battery – is connected to the laser casing at the battery, and the laser diode cathode is connected to the casing as well, only the diode cathode lead needs to be connected to the driver to complete the circuit for both battery (-) and diode (-) connections.

Wiring Diagrams for FlexDrive with Various Diodes:



Warning!

These wiring diagrams assume a laser output power below 5mW. If your laser product optical output is greater than 5mW, you must adhere to CDRH regulations which may require additional wiring including interlocks.

Maximum current limitations for full input voltage range:

The Micro FlexDrive is built using the latest technology and is designed to have a very wide range of output currents and voltages. However not every combination of input voltage, output voltage and output current is useable. For example a 5V load cannot be powered at 1 Amp with an input voltage of 2.0V. Here are the recommended output current ranges for the full 2.0-5.5V input range per output voltage:

75-400mA buck/boost 5V out

75-800mA buck/boost 3V out

75mA-1.5A 2.0V out with 4.2-3.0V in (li-ion)

A good rule of thumb is that: $(V_{out} \text{ (Volts)} * I_{out} \text{ (Amps)}) / V_{in} \text{ (Volts)} < 1.2$

For powering high current (>500mA) 1.8V diodes, a series shottky rectifier is required so that the output voltage is 2.2V or greater. When powering loads above 500 mA and below 3V, a heatsink on the black 5-pin chip on the back of the driver is required. An electrically insulating thermal epoxy to the heatsink or casing is recommended.

Driver Fitment:

The Micro FlexDrive can easily fit in most laser cases including AAA powered lasers and even inside the 'Aixiz' modules. Care should be taken not to allow the driver to contact conductive sides of the laser casing. In the event that the casing does come close to the driver, you can wrap the driver in a single layer of insulating electrical tape to prevent shorts to the casing.

